Department	Initiative	GR Savings
BHDDH	1. Health Homes – Behavioral Health	\$12.7
	 Takes advantage of new federal health care reform providing enhanced FMAP (90%) for certain support services to high need beneficiaries. 	million
	 Advances new system of care providing comprehensive case management; care coordination and health promotion; transitional support services; and more 	
	2. DD Project Sustainability – Effective July 2011	\$2.2 million
	Transforms system of services available to persons with Developmental Disabilities through adoption of new assessment tool, changing menu of and pricing for services, ties pricing and services to outcomes.	
	Makes payment system more cost effective and transparent.	
	3. Transition Six RICLAS Residences	\$0.8 million
	Savings derived from ceasing state operations of six RICLAS residences.	
	RICLAS has capacity to absorb beneficiaries from three closed residences.	
	Options for remaining three RICLAS residences include turn-key sale to private provider or transitioning beneficiaries to non- RICLAS residences or alternative settings.	
	4. Restrict CMAP Eligibility and Formulary	\$.6 million
	• Limit new CMAP eligibility to clients who have either had a psychiatric hospitalization immediately prior to their enrollment	
	(versus at some point during their lives)	
	Require (October) that existing clients qualify for CSP (SPMI)	
	Institute prior authorization for a number of drugs	
	5. Require Providers of Residential Substance Treatment for Adolescents to seek Third Party payment	\$.9 million
	6. Reduce Funding for De-tox Contract - Effective January 2012	\$1 million
DCYF	1. System of Care – Implementation of Phase II – Effective NLT January 2012	\$4.9 million
	Savings derived from changing payment and service delivery system to streamline number of contract providers, better	
	coordination of all providers (residential & community based), standardization of rates, and establishing infrastructure that	
	supports delivery of family centered & community based services.	
	Achieved by issuing RFP and establishing risk based contract to promote innovative provider solutions – e.g., restructure	
	3. Training School Consolidation – utilizes existing pod to establish wing in RITS for girls	\$1.6 million
	4. Reimbursement for Training School Education from LEAS	\$2.1 million
	DCYF will begin seeking reimbursement for ITS education provided to cities and towns through federal IDEA.	
	5. Practice Improvement – Adjustment in Caseload	\$7.0 million
	Savings result from reductions in number of children in DCYF custody, requiring costly out-of-home placement and	
	interventions due to implementation of system of care phases I and II.	
	Adopts national standards on child welfare investigations.	A (
	6. Increase Social Security Claiming for Children in Child Protective Services	\$.6 million

Department	Initiative	GR Savings
DEA	 RIPAE – Reform due to implementation of Health Reform Current law requires seniors eligible for Medicare Part D to take it up in order to receive RIPAE subsidy Steeper consumer discounts for drugs have already lowered reliance on the RIPAE subsidy, and federal Health Reform will further reduce RIPAE utilization DEA is working to design a new program for those who continue to need RIPAE 	\$1.4 million
DOH	 Elimination of the Certificate of Need Proposal repeals certificate of need process. No concrete evidence that process controls costs; limits market innovations and forces; may impede full market response to health care reform initiatives related to access, quality and performance Only CON affected: Initial Licensure and Change in Effective Control remain 	\$0. 25 million
DOH	 2. Review Scope of Medical Examiner's Office Reduces costs by limiting scope of Medical Officer's purview. Required autopsies to reflect national standards recommending limited resources be allocated to suspicious, rather than unexplained or unmonitored deaths. 	\$0.5 million
DHS-Medicaid	 Hospital Outpatient Rates in Managed Care Effective 1/1/2012 Limits amount Medicaid MCOs pay for outpatient hospital reimbursements beginning January 1, 2012. These outpatient now capped at the rates paid on June 30, 2010; ends on January 1, 2012. Proposal limits amount rates can increase to CMS market basket index (app. 2%) Savings implemented by cutting MCO capitation rates; savings will be retained by the State. 	\$2.7 million
	 2. Nursing Home Rate Reform Effective 10/1/2011 Changes way State pays for nursing home stays from provider-specific cost-based system to one based on relative needs of individuals dictate – regardless of where they reside. (Majority of states moving this direction.). Rates adjusted to reflect program priorities –e.g. quality care, residents with higher acuity, and higher Medicaid participation 	\$6.1 million
	 3. Non-Emergency Medical Transportation Effective 2/1/2011 Reduces rates State pays for non-emergency medical transportation for persons not using wheel-chairs. Also reduces the amount the State pays for mileage 	<i>\$ 2.2 million</i>
	 4. Children's Health Account Enhancements Effective July 1, 2011 Decreases Medicaid spending by increasing the maximum limit assessed on health insurance companies to \$7,500 Imposes limit on certain categories e.g., CEDARR Services; CAITS 	\$ 4.2 million
	 5. Health Homes Phase I – CEDARR Effective September 1, 2011 Takes advantage of new federal health care reform providing enhanced FMAP (90%) for certain support services to high need beneficiaries. Comprehensive Evaluation Diagnosis Assessment Referral Re-evaluation (CEDARR) Program currently provides qualifying services and a SPA will be submitted to secure the enhanced FMAP. 	\$1.3 million

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Department	Initiative	GR Savings
DHS - Medicaid Cont'd	 6. Money Follows the Person RebalancingDemonstration Effective July 1, 2011 Savings achieved through enhanced federal funding for existing State expenditures & new investments in community-based care (e.g., respite, security deposits) 	\$2.5 million
DHS – Non_Medicaid	 Shifting Federal TANF Money to RIWorks to replace General Revenue Dollars Savings achieved by taking advantage of Federal TANF rules on allowable costs chargeable to TANF block grant. Shifting these costs to TANF from General Revenue stays within the 15% level allowed by the federal government. 	\$1.6 million
	 Lowering Costs at Veterans Home and Improving Facility This proposal has two parts. Increases the veteran maintenance fee from 80% of countable income to 100% of countable income starting in FY12. Additional funds will be use to improve and full staff the Home. With additional staffing, Home will increase # of residents to full census thereby diminishing waiting list and maximizing federal funding 	\$1.7 million (and \$0.8 million in additional department al revenue)